1	Unit 2 Astronomy
	Test:
2	What is Astronomy?
	The study of celestial objects as well as the physics, chemistry, geology, etc. of these objects
3	Earth is an Oblate Spheroid It bulges in the middle because it is spinning
5	Our Cosmic Address
	 Earth Solar System Milky Way Galaxy Local Group Virgo Supercluster Observable Universe
6	Before we could travel into space, or put up satellites, how did we know Earth was round(ish)? • Ships disappeared over the horizon • Curved shadow across the moon
7	How do we observe the Universe?
8	1. We use our eyesHeliocentric vs Geocentric model of the Universe (solar system)Apparent daily motion
	 Plato, Aristotle, & Ptolemy (Geocentric) Copernicus & Galileo (Heliocentric), supported by the works of Kepler & Newton
1	2. Telescopes (Electromagnetic Spectrum)
	 X-Ray Gamma Ray Radio Visual Reflecting Refracting
2	3. Unmanned Missions
	Orbiters, Satellites, Probes
15	3. Manned Missions Shuttles, ISS, Apollo Missions, etc.
6	 Electromagnetic Spectrum The range of frequencies or wavelengths over which electromagnetic radiation extends. Helps us understand stars by evaluating: Composition

- Temperature
- Size & Mass
- Motion (Doppler Effect)

19 Hubble's Law

- Edwin Hubble found that all galaxies (except the few closest to us) present a <u>red shift</u> in their spectra
- The *greater* the shift, the *faster* the motion
- Furthest galaxies show the greatest shift (are moving the fastest)!

21 Cosmic Background Radiation

- Low levels are distributed evenly throughout the Universe provide evidence of the Big Bang Theory
- Detected by radio telescopes
- Originated shortly after the Big Bang

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Galaxies

23 Gravity

<u>Newton's Law of Gravitation</u>: Two bodies are attracted to each other by a gravitational force, directly proportional to their masses, and inversely proportional to their distance from each other

• To increase the gravitational pull you need to: increase the mass of one or both, *OR* decrease the distance between objects

25 Types of Galaxies

Galaxies shapes are a result of gravity

- Irregular galaxies are young
- Spiral galaxies are middle-aged
- Elliptical galaxies are old